



Why?

Grass is an important part of the natural

environment, providing food, habitat, shelter, and breeding ground for many of our beloved birds, mammals, and insects.

Healthy native grasses also help with fire mitigation by preventing the drier and bulkier weeds from growing in our open spaces.

How?

Use a mower or weed whacker. Mow grass to 4inches tall or less if using a mower. Trim grass to 6inches or less if weed whacking.

Create a 30-foot perimeter around your home or outbuildings.

- This will minimize fire intensity from radiant heat and direct flame and slow fire spread.
- Tall grass will create more embers than short grass.

When?

Avoid mowing during the driest times of the day. Sparks from rocks shooting out of a mower or weed whacker can cause grass to ignite.

Protect ingress and egress routes. Mow along private driveways when your grass is dried out so emergency responders can pass while residents evacuate.

Manage grasses near homes, out-buildings, and communities. That's where private landowners and communities can make a difference.

Don't mow your grass all the way down. The right grasses offer benefits and can help prevent the wrong type of vegetation from growing, drying out, and becoming a fire hazard.





DO YOU KNOW?

A Red Flag Warning from the National Weather Service means that fire weather conditions are imminent or occurring



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